

A Prospective, Open-label, Post-marketing Study of the Safety and Effectiveness of HarmonyCa Injectible Gel for Midface Soft Tissue Augmentation: Interim Analysis

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OBJECTIVE

To report interim safety and effectiveness data from a prospective open-label study of HARmonyCa (Allergan Aesthetics, an AbbVie Company, Irvine, CA) for midface soft tissue augmentation

CONCLUSIONS

Treatment with HARmonyCa achieved clinically meaningful improvement in midface volume deficit that was maintained through 9 months

Most participants treated with HARmonyCa had improved investigator- and participant-assessed GAIS ratings and substantial improvements in FACE-Q scores

HARmonyCa was well tolerated

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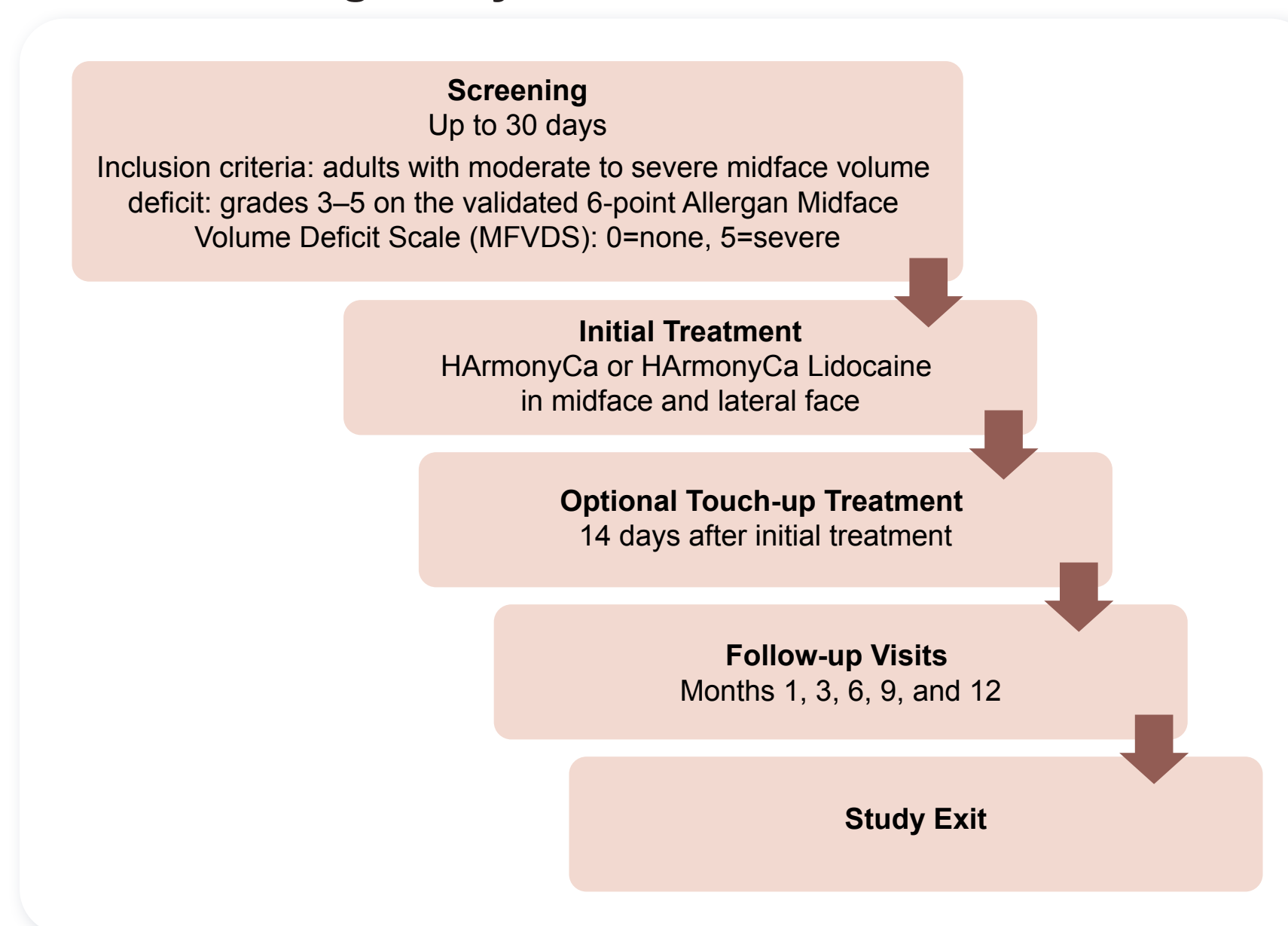
INTRODUCTION

Background

- HARmonyCa is an injectable facial soft tissue filler containing calcium hydroxyapatite (CaHA) microspheres (55.7% w/w) embedded in cross-linked sodium hyaluronate (HA) gel (20 mg/mL).¹ The lidocaine version includes 0.3% (w/v) lidocaine HCl
- HARmonyCa, in a single ready-to-use syringe, provides an immediate filling and lifting effect from HA^{1,2} along with endogenous collagen production and a sustained lifting effect from CaHA³
- Although HARmonyCa is marketed in more than 30 countries, limited published prospective safety and effectiveness data are available
- This open-label study in France collected prospective data on HARmonyCa (HARmonyCa and HARmonyCa Lidocaine) to support ongoing registration in Europe and other areas

METHODS

Study Design: Prospective Open-label Post-marketing Study



Assessments

Primary Endpoint

- Rate of responders, participants with MFVDS ≥ 1 -grade improvement from baseline at month 1

Secondary Endpoints

- Rate of participants with "improved" or "much improved" on Global Aesthetic Improvement Scale (GAIS) at month 1 as rated by investigators and participants
- Change from baseline on FACE-Q Satisfaction with Cheeks and Satisfaction with Facial Appearance at month 1

Safety

- Injection site responses (ISRs), adverse events (AEs)

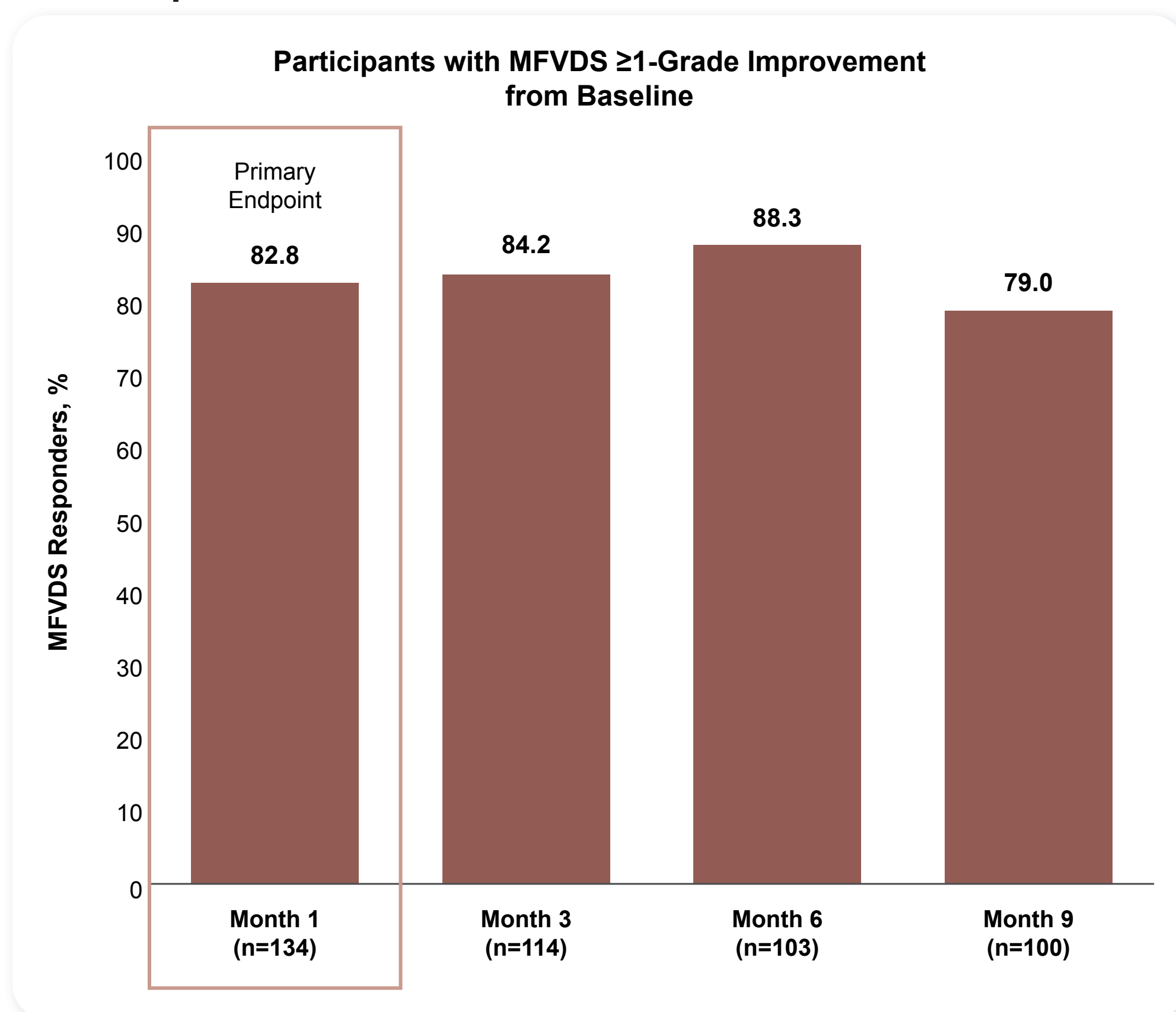
RESULTS

Most Participants Had Moderate Midface Volume Deficit

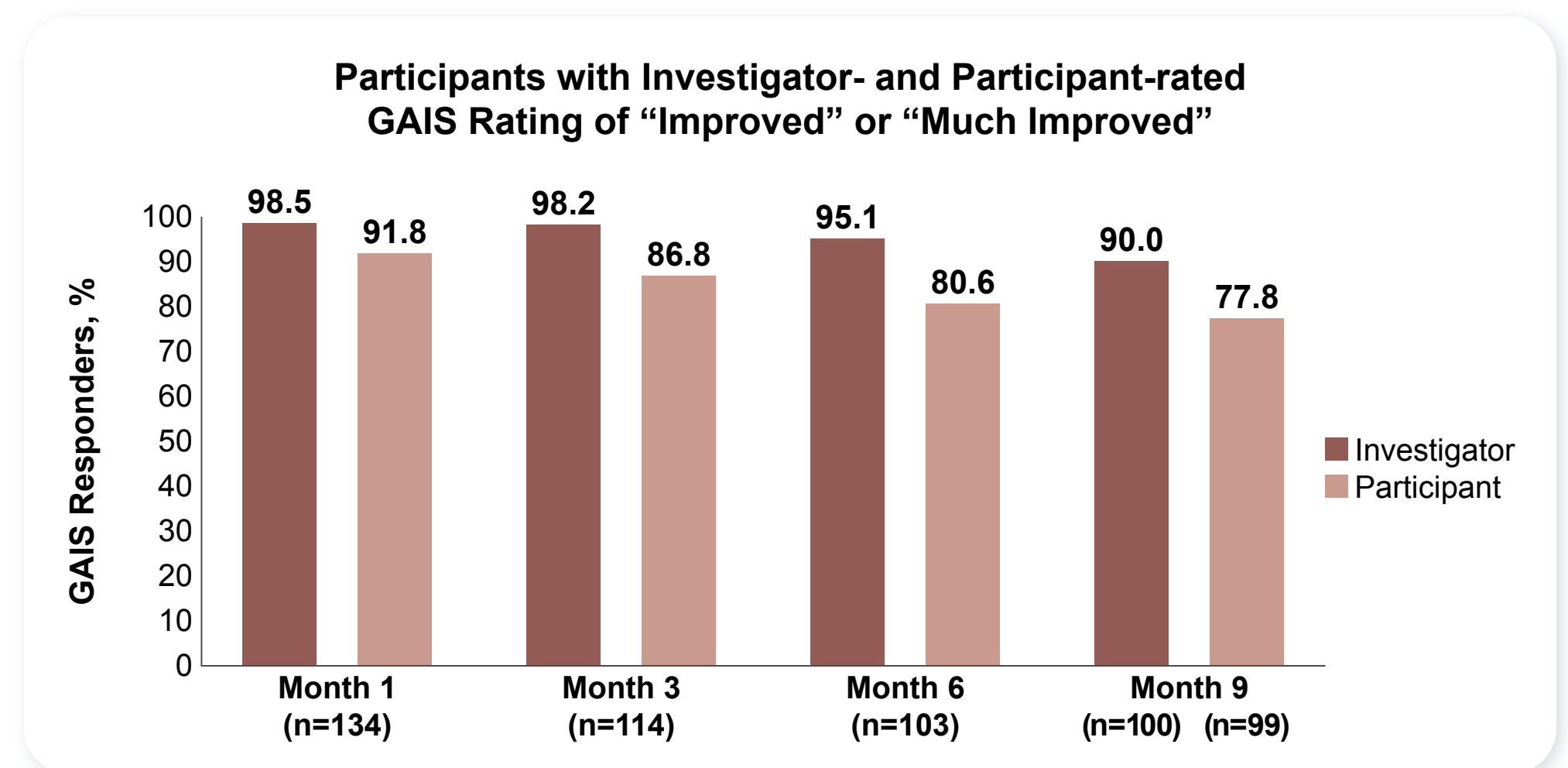
Baseline demographics and characteristics (N=140)	n (%) ^a
Age group, years	
<35	5 (3.6)
35-65	95 (67.9)
>65	40 (28.6)
Sex	
Male	18 (12.9)
Female	122 (87.1)
Fitzpatrick skin phototype	
I/II	26 (18.6)
III/IV	114 (81.4)
V/VI	0
MFVDS	
3 (moderate)	97 (69.3)
4 (significant)	39 (27.9)
5 (severe)	4 (2.9)

^aPercentages may not total 100 due to rounding.

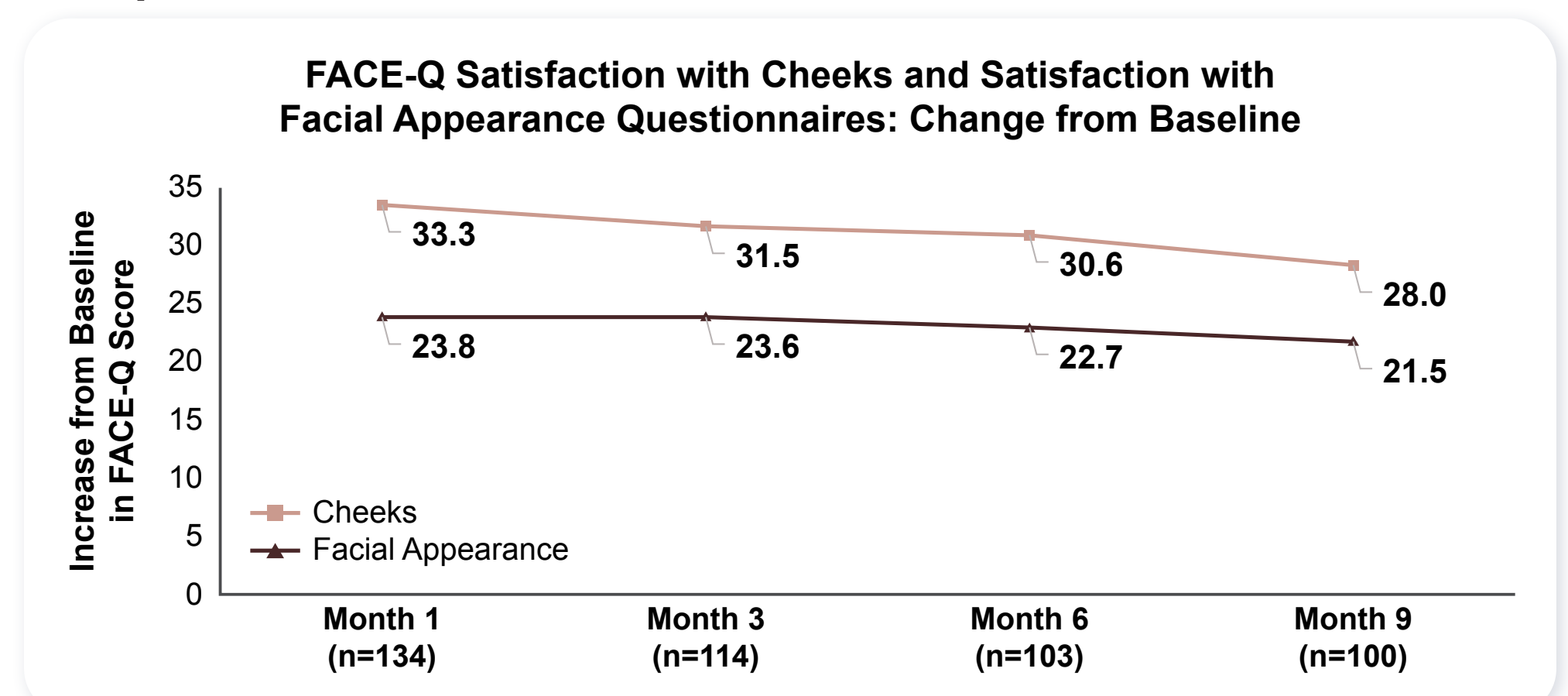
Most Participants Met the Primary Endpoint and Maintained This Response



Investigator- and Participant-rated GAIS Improved for Most Participants



Participants Had Substantially Increased FACE-Q Scores Compared with Baseline



HARmonyCa Was Well Tolerated

- Overall, a total of 89/140 participants (63.6%) had treatment-emergent AEs (TEAEs) and 52/140 participants (37.1%) had treatment-related TEAEs
- 3/140 participants (2.1%) had treatment-emergent serious AEs; none were considered to be treatment related
- The most common treatment-related TEAEs were injection site pain (10.7%), injection site mass (10.7%), headache (7.9%), injection site bruising (4.3%), and injection site hematoma (3.6%)
 - All were mild (90%) or moderate (10%) in severity
 - 38% resolved in ≤ 1 week; 65% resolved in ≤ 30 days
- 95.7% (132 of 138 participants with initial treatment diary data) experienced ISRs consistent with injections of HA or CaHA filler
 - The most common ISRs after initial treatment were tenderness to touch (87%), pain after injection (73.7%), and firmness (71%)
 - 91.3% of ISRs were minimal or moderate
 - 54.3% of ISRs resolved in ≤ 1 week